



LKT Laboratories, Inc.

Parthenolide

Phone: 888-558-5227
651-644-8424
Fax: 888-558-7329
Email: getinfo@lktlabs.com
Web: lktlabs.com

Product Information

Product ID P0270

CAS No. 20554-84-1

Chemical Name

Synonym

Formula $C_{15}H_{20}O_3$

Formula Wt. 248.32

Melting Point 112-115°C

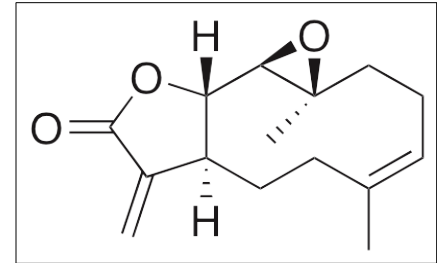
Purity ≥98%

Solubility DMSO (100 mg/ml), Ethanol
(20 mg/ml),
Dichloromethane.

Store Temp 4°C

Ship Temp Ambient

Description Parthenolide is a sesquiterpene lactone found in *Tanacetum* that exhibits anticancer chemotherapeutic, anti-metastatic, anti-angiogenic, anti-inflammatory, and antinociceptive activities. Parthenolide acts as a partial agonist at transient receptor potential ankyrin 1 (TRPA1) channels and desensitizes them, preventing release of calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP). Additionally, parthenolide inhibits ATPase activity of NLRP3 and protease activity of caspase 1. In multiple myeloma cells, parthenolide decreases expression of NF-κB, VEGF, and IL-6 and increases expression of IκB kinase, inhibiting cell migration and tubule formation. In non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) cells, parthenolide decreases levels of MCL-1 and increases levels of MAIP-1, triggering ER stress and inducing cell cycle arrest and apoptosis. In breast cancer cells, this compound activates NADPH oxidase and increases ROS generation, increasing levels of p-JNK and downregulating NF-κB, VEGF, and matrix metalloproteinases 2 and 9 (MMP2/9); in vivo, parthenolide inhibits tumor growth and metastasis.



Bulk quantities available upon request

Product ID	Size
P0270	25 mg
P0270	100 mg
P0270	250 mg

References Zhao X, Liu X, Su L. Parthenolide induces apoptosis via TNFRSF10B and PMAIP1 pathways in human lung cancer cells. *J Exp Clin Cancer Res.* 2014 Jan 6;33(1):3. PMID: 24387758.

Materazzi S, Benemei S, Fusi C, et al. Parthenolide inhibits nociception and neurogenic vasodilatation in the trigeminovascular system by targeting the TRPA1 channel. *Pain.* 2013 Dec;154(12):2750-8. PMID: 23933184.

D'Anneo A, Carlisi D, Lauricella M, et al. Parthenolide generates reactive oxygen species and autophagy in MDA-MB231 cells. A soluble parthenolide analogue inhibits tumour growth and metastasis in a xenograft model of breast cancer. *Cell Death Dis.* 2013 Oct 31;4:e891. PMID: 24176849.

Juliana C, Fernandes-Alnemri T, Wu J, et al. Anti-inflammatory compounds parthenolide and Bay 11-7082 are direct inhibitors of the inflammasome. *J Biol Chem.* 2010 Mar 26;285(13):9792-802. PMID: 20093358.

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Parthenolide>

Caution: This product is intended for laboratory and research use only. It is not for human or drug use.