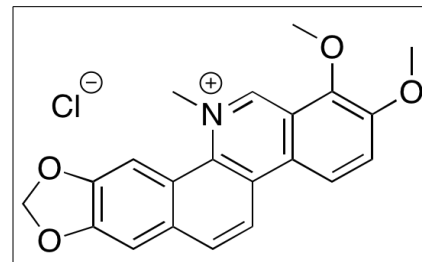




## Product Information

**Product ID** C2818  
**CAS No.** 3895-92-9  
**Chemical Name** 1,2-Dimethoxy-12-methyl[1,3]benzodioxolo[5,6-c]phenanthridinium  
**Synonym** Toddaline  
**Formula** C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>18</sub>ClNO<sub>4</sub>  
**Formula Wt.** 383.82  
**Melting Point** 207° C  
**Purity** ≥98%  
**Solubility** Soluble in DMSO.



**Bulk quantities available upon request**

Product ID	Size
C2818	1 mg
C2818	5 mg

**Store Temp** -20° C  
**Ship Temp** Ambient

**Description** Chelerythrine is a benzophenanthridine alkaloid found in *Chelidonium* and *Zanthoxylum* that exhibits anti-inflammatory and anticancer activities. Chelerythrine inhibits PKC and Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> ATPases. In LPS-stimulated animal models, chelerythrine decreases levels of TNF- $\alpha$ , IL-6, and myeloperoxidase. In hepatoma cells, this compound decreases the mitochondrial membrane potential, increases release of cytochrome C, stimulates cleavage of PARP, alters the Bax/Bcl-xl ratio, and induces apoptosis.

**References** Niu X, Mu Q, Li W, et al. Protective Effects of Chelerythrine Against Lipopolysaccharide-Induced Endotoxic Shock in Mice. *Inflammation*. 2014 Jun 14. [Epub ahead of print]. PMID: 24928629.

Dorney KM, Sizemore IE, Alqahtani T, et al. Surface-enhanced Raman spectroscopy (SERS) tracking of chelerythrine, a Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> (+) pump inhibitor, into cytosol and plasma membrane fractions of human lens epithelial cell cultures. *Cell Physiol Biochem*. 2013;32(7):146-56. PMID: 24429821.

Zhang ZF, Guo Y, Zhang JB, et al. Induction of apoptosis by chelerythrine chloride through mitochondrial pathway and Bcl-2 family proteins in human hepatoma SMMC-7721 cell. *Arch Pharm Res*. 2011 May;34(5):791-800. PMID: 21656365.

**Caution:** This product is intended for laboratory and research use only. It is not for human or drug use.