

Interleukin-8 (1-77) (CXCL8) His Tag, human recombinant (rHull-8/1-77-His)

Catalog No: 94882 Lot No: XXXXX Source: *E. coli*

Synonyms: IL-8, CXCL8, Monocyte-derived neutrophil chemotactic factor, MDNCF, T-cell chemotactic factor,

Neutrophil-activating protein 1, NAP-1, Protein 3-10C, Granulocyte chemotactic protein 1, GCP-1,

Monocyte-derived neutrophil-activating peptide, MONAP, Emoctaki

Background

Interleukin-8 (IL-8) is a chemokine produced by macrophages and other cell types such as epithelial cells. It is also synthesized by endothelial cells, which store IL-8 in their storage vesicles, the Weibel-Palade bodies. When first encountering an antigen, the primary cells to encounter it are the macrophages who phagocytose the particle. Upon processing, they release chemokines to signal other immune cells to come in to the site of inflammation. IL-8 is one such chemokine. It serves as a chemical signal that attracts neutrophils at the site of inflammation, and therefore is also known as Neutrophil Chemotactic Factor.

Description

Interleukin-8 human recombinant produced in *E. coli* is single, a non-glycosylated, polypeptide chain containing 77 amino acids (23-99) and having a total molecular mass of 13.7 kDa with an N-terminal hexahistidine tag. IL-8 His is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

Physical Appearance

Sterile filtered clear solution.

Formulation

IL8 His (0.205 mg/ml) is supplied in 10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8, 250 mM NaCl and 50% glycerol.

Stability

Store at 4°C if entire vial will be used within 2-4 weeks. Store frozen at -20°C for longer periods of time. Please avoid freeze thaw cycles.

Purity

Greater than 95.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Usage

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